Bouvet Island energia solara definitie

Where is Bouvet Island?

Bouvet Island (/'bu:veI /BOO-vay; Norwegian: Bouvetøya [bu'vè:oeY?]) is an uninhabited island and dependency of Norway. It is a protected nature reserve. It is a subantarctic volcanic island,situated in the South Atlantic Ocean at the southern end of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge,and is the world's most remote island.

How far is Bouvet Island from Antarctica?

Bouvet Island is one of the most remote islands in the world. The closest land is Queen Maud Land of Antarctica,which is 1,700 km (1,100 mi)to the south,: 58 and Gough Island,1,845 km (1,146 mi) to the north.

How did Bouvet Island get its name?

At that point, the island was given its current name of Bouvet Island ("Bouvetøya" in Norwegian). In 1930, following resolution of a dispute with the United Kingdom over claiming rights, it was declared a Norwegian dependency. In 1971, it was designated a nature reserve.

How did Bouvet Island become a dependency?

The expedition carried out aerial photography of the island and was the first Antarctic expedition to use aircraft. : 64 The Dependency Act,passed by the Parliament of Norway on 27 February 1930,established Bouvet Island as a Norwegian dependency,along with Peter I Island and Queen Maud Land.

What country code is Bouvet Island?

Bouvet Island has been designated with the ISO 3166-2 code BVand was subsequently awarded the country code top-level domain .bv on 21 August 1997. The domain is managed by Norid but is not in use. The exclusive economic zone surrounding the island covers an area of 441,163 km 2 (170,334 sq mi).

When did Norway claim Bouvet Island?

They went ashore on 1 December 1927,hoisted the Norwegian flag and claimed Bouvet Island as Norwegian territory. The United Kingdom disagreed since it had claimed sovereignty as early as 1825. Following some diplomatic activity,Britain waived its claim in 1929.

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Otro recurso que podría ser aprovechado en la Isla Bouvet es la energía solar. A pesar de las condiciones climáticas extremas, durante el verano austral la isla recibe una cantidad significativa de luz solar que podría ser convertida en energía eléctrica a través de paneles solares.

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La isla Bouvet tiene una superficie de aproximadamente 49 kilómetros cuadrados y es de origen volcánico. Su relieve está dominado por glaciares y acantilados, lo que dificulta el acceso a la isla. Además, Bouvet Island está rodeada por aguas heladas y turbulentas que la hacen peligrosa para la navegación.

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Bouvet Island is situated at the far southern end of the Mid-Atlantic Ridge and was officially designated a nature reserve over 40 years ago. The northwestern part of Bouvet Island, known as Nyrøysa, is the only area where people can easily access the island.

We"ve got a place that beats them all: Bouvet Island, a small outcropping of rock and ice in the Southern Ocean. The nearest land is more than a thousand miles away, making Bouvet the most remote island on the planet. A French sailor named Bouvet discovered the island in 1739. And then he promptly lost it -- he misplotted the island on his ...

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